Good to Know: Is It Time to Try a Biologic? Page 7

First Person: One Woman’s Journey With Ulcerative Colitis Page 8

Caring for You: Ways to Manage Your Mental Health Page 10
THE LATEST ON _ INFLAMMATORY BOWEL DISEASE

AN HERBAL FOR IBD?
The Japanese herbal formula daikenchuto is used for many GI problems. New research suggests it could help people with IBD. A lot happens in the gut with IBD. There’s likely too much bad bacteria, too little of the good kind, and too few of the immune cells that fight the severe inflammation IBD causes. When researchers fed daikenchuto—a blend of ginger, pepper, ginseng, and maltose—to mice with chronic colitis, their guts changed. Both good bacteria and inflammation-fighting immune cells came back. Gut inflammation and colonic damage eased in these mice, too. This study lays the early groundwork to explore daikenchuto-based medicine for people.

WEED KILLER CHEMICAL CAUSES INFLAMMATION
As for the cause of IBD, like many other chronic diseases, experts often say, “Genetics loads the gun, and environment pulls the trigger.” New research has uncovered another possible element in the environment that may trigger IBD: the weed killer propyzamide. Researchers used AI to identify the chemicals in a database most likely to cause gut inflammation based on information known about them. After studying the top 20, they performed further testing on propyzamide, a chemical sprayed on playing fields and fruit and vegetable crops. In lab experiments, they found the weed killer helped cause the same type of inflammation seen in IBD. They are now working on drugs that target this inflammation.

15 to 30 and 40 to 60
Most common ages when Crohn’s disease is diagnosed.

15 to 30 and 50 to 70
Most common ages when ulcerative colitis is diagnosed.

GOOD BACTERIA “SUIT UP” FOR BATTLE
Researchers have long explored good bacteria as potential warriors against IBD. But in pill form, good bacteria face many adversaries on the long march from the mouth to the gut. Both stomach acid and angry molecules that fuel IBD can wipe the bacteria out. Researchers recently created a protective sheath for the bacteria that shields them from stomach acid on their way through the gut. Now they’ve added a “backpack” to the uniform. This teeny pack, placed over the sheath, carries nanoparticles that neutralize IBD-related molecules. The pack wards off one group of enemies. The sheath protects against another. It’s worked in lab experiments. Now, researchers must test the pills in humans.

10 million
Estimated number of people who have IBD worldwide. It’s most common in the United States, the United Kingdom, and other industrialized countries.

UP TO 1 in 5
Number of people with inflammatory bowel disease (IBD) who have a next of kin that has it, too.

>1 in 3
Number of people with IBD who also have arthritis—compared to 1 in 5 in the general population. (In fact, most chronic diseases are more common among people who have IBD.)

2X to 3X
How much your risk for colon cancer increases when you have Crohn’s disease or ulcerative colitis.

3.1 million
Estimated number of U.S. adults who have IBD, which includes Crohn’s disease and ulcerative colitis.

SOURCES: CDC, European Federation of Crohn’s and Ulcerative Colitis Associations, Gastroenterology, Crohn’s & Colitis Foundation, Biologics: Targets and Therapy.

THIS CONTENT IS CREATED AND CONTROLLED BY WEBMD’S EDITORIAL STAFF

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STARS & FACTS
By Sonya Collins
Reviewed by Melinda Ratini, DO, MS, WebMD Medical Reviewer

SOURCE: National Library of Medicine

SOURCE: Science

SOURCE: Frontiers in Immunology

SOURCE: Science Advances

SOURCE: Science

SOURCE: Frontiers in Immunology

SOURCE: Nature

SOURCE: Science Advances

SOURCE: Science

SOURCE: Nature
COLITIS OR CROHN’S DISEASE.

• Ask if ENTYVIO is right for you

Important Safety Information for ENTYVIO® (vedolizumab)

• Do not receive ENTYVIO if you have had an allergic reaction to ENTYVIO or any of its ingredients.
• ENTYVIO may cause serious side effects, including:
  - Infusion-related and serious allergic reactions can happen while you are receiving ENTYVIO or several hours after treatment. You may need treatment if you have an allergic reaction. Tell your healthcare provider or get immediate medical help if you get any of these symptoms during or after an infusion of ENTYVIO: rash, itching, swelling of your lips, tongue, throat or face, shortness of breath or trouble breathing, wheezing, dizziness, feeling hot, or palpitations (feel like your heart is racing).
  - ENTYVIO may increase your risk of getting a serious infection. Before receiving and during treatment with ENTYVIO, tell your healthcare provider if you think you have an infection or symptoms of an infection, such as fever, chills, muscle aches, cough, shortness of breath, runny nose, sore throat, red or painful skin or sores on your body, tiredness, or pain during urination.
  - People with weakened immune systems can get progressive multifocal leukoencephalopathy (PML) (a rare, serious brain infection caused by a virus). Although unlikely while receiving ENTYVIO, a risk of PML cannot be ruled out. PML can result in death or severe disability. There is no known treatment, prevention, or cure for PML. Tell your healthcare provider right away if you have any of the following symptoms: confusion or problems thinking, loss of balance, change in the way you walk or talk, decreased strength or weakness on one side of the body, blurred vision, or loss of vision.
  - Liver problems can happen in people who receive ENTYVIO. Tell your healthcare provider right away if you have any of the following symptoms: tiredness, loss of appetite, pain on the right side of your abdomen, dark urine, or yellowing of the skin and eyes (jaundice).
  - The most common side effects of ENTYVIO include common cold, headache, joint pain, nausea, fever, infections of the nose and throat, tiredness, cough, bronchitis, flu, back pain, rash, itching, sinus infection, throat pain, and pain in extremities. These are not all the possible side effects of ENTYVIO. Call your healthcare provider for medical advice about side effects.
  - Before receiving ENTYVIO, tell your healthcare provider about all of your medical conditions, including if you: have or think you may have an infection or have infections that keep coming back; have liver problems; have tuberculosis (TB) or have been in close contact with someone with TB; have recently received or are scheduled to receive a vaccine; or if you are pregnant, breastfeeding, plan to become pregnant, or plan to breastfeed.

You weren’t made for modesty to severe ulcerative colitis or Crohn’s disease.

But ENTYVIO is.

Bring up ALL symptoms that are bothering you (don’t worry, they’ve heard it all!)

• Ask how ENTYVIO works

• Ask if ENTYVIO is right for you
**IS IT TIME TO TRY A BIOLOGIC?**

By Sonya Collins  
Reviewed by Melinda Ratini, DO, MS, WebMD Medical Reviewer

When it comes to treating inflammatory bowel disease, some people do well for a while on the first medication they try. For others, the drug might eventually stop working. This can mean that your treatment isn’t doing its job.

**You still have flares**  
If you continue to have flares, or you start having them again, your current treatment may not be working. With ulcerative colitis, Friedman says, “That means more bleeding, more diarrhea, and more cramping.” A return of flares can also bring extreme tiredness, rectal pain, and a feeling of greater urgency to go to the bathroom.

With Crohn’s disease, besides the diarrhea, fatigue, and pain that come with flares, you might get fevers and lose your appetite, too. Depending on the part of your GI tract that’s affected, you could see mouth sores also. If these same symptoms that got you diagnosed are now coming back, your treatment isn’t doing its job.

Your doctor may give you a course of steroids to stop the flare. But, Friedman adds, “If you get better and then flare again, it’s time for a biologic.”

**SIGNS YOUR IBD TREATMENT MAY NOT BE WORKING**

**What is EntYVIo?**

ENTYVIo (en ti vee oh) (vedolizumab) is a prescription medicine used in adults for the treatment of:

- moderately to severely active ulcerative colitis.
- moderately to severely active Crohn’s disease.

It is not known if EntYVIo is safe and effective in children under 18 years of age.

**What should not receive EntYVIo?**

Do not receive EntYVIo if you have had an allergic reaction to EntYVIo or any of the ingredients in EntYVIo. See the end of this Medication Guide for a complete list of ingredients in EntYVIo.

Before receiving EntYVIo, tell your healthcare provider about all of your medical conditions, including if you:

- have an infection, think you may have an infection or have infections that keep coming back (see “What is the most important information I should know about EntYVIo?”).
- have liver problems.
- have tuberculosis (TB) or have been in close contact with someone with TB.
- have recently received or are scheduled to receive a vaccine.
- are pregnant or plan to become pregnant. It is not known if EntYVIo will harm your unborn baby. Tell your healthcare provider right away if you become pregnant while receiving EntYVIo.
- are breastfeeding or plan to breastfeed. EntYVIo passes into your breast milk. Talk to your healthcare provider about the best way to feed your baby if you take EntYVIo.
- have tuberculosis (TB) or have been in close contact with someone with TB.
- have an infection, think you may have an infection or have infections that keep coming back (see “What is the most important information I should know about EntYVIo?”).
- have liver problems.

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For more information, go to www.ENTYVIo.com or call 1-877-TAKEDA-7 (1-877-825-3327).

**IMPORTANT FACTS**

**ENTYVIo** may cause serious side effects, including:

- Infusion-related and serious allergic reactions. These reactions can happen while you are receiving EntYVIo or several hours after treatment. You may need treatment if you have an allergic reaction. Tell your healthcare provider or get medical help right away if you get any of these symptoms during or after an infusion of EntYVIo: rash, itching, swelling, or tingling of your lips, tongue, or mouth; singing in your ears; chest pain or tightness; difficulty breathing; hoarseness; trouble swallowing; or a change in your voice. These symptoms may happen right after you receive EntYVIo. Tell your healthcare provider if you get any of these symptoms after the infusion has ended.
- Infections. EntYVIo may increase your risk of getting a serious infection. Before receiving EntYVIo and during treatment with EntYVIo, tell your healthcare provider if you think you have an infection or have symptoms of an infection such as fever, chills, muscle aches, cough, shortness of breath, runny nose, sore throat, red or painful skin or sores on your body, pain or swelling of a lymph node, or diarrhea.
- Progressive Multifocal Leukencephalopathy (PML). People with weakened immune systems can get progressive multifocal leukencephalopathy (PML) (a rare, serious brain infection caused by a virus). Although unlikely while receiving EntYVIo, a risk of PML cannot be ruled out. PML can result in death or severe disability. There is no known treatment, prevention, or cure for PML. Tell your healthcare provider right away if you have any of the following symptoms: confusion or problems thinking, loss of balance, change in the way you walk or talk, decreased strength or weakness on one side of the body, blurred vision, or loss of vision.
- Liver Problems. Liver problems can happen in people who receive EntYVIo. Tell your healthcare provider right away if you have any of the following symptoms: tiredness, loss of appetite, pain on the right side of your stomach (abdomen), dark urine, or yellowing of the skin and eyes (jaundice). See “What are the possible side effects of EntYVIo?” for more information about side effects.

**How will I receive EntYVIo?**

- EntYVIo is given through a needle placed in a vein (intravenous infusion) in your arm.
- EntYVIo is given to you over a period of about 30 minutes.
- Your healthcare provider will monitor you during and after the EntYVIo infusion for side effects to see if you have a reaction to the treatment.

**What are the possible side effects of EntYVIo?**

EntYVIo may cause serious side effects, see “What is the most important information I should know about EntYVIo?”.

The most common side effects of EntYVIo include: common cold, headache, joint pain, nausea, fever, infections of the nose and throat, respiratory infections, cough, bronchitis, flu, back pain, rash, itching, sinus infection, throat pain, and pain in extremities. These are not all of the possible side effects of EntYVIo. Call your doctor for medical advice about side effects. You may report side effects to FDA at 1-800-FDA-1088.

**General information about EntYVIo**

Medicines are sometimes prescribed for purposes other than those listed in a Medication Guide. You can ask your pharmacist or healthcare provider for information about EntYVIo that is written for health professionals.

**IS IT TIME TO TRY A BIOLOGIC?**

**SIGNS YOUR IBD TREATMENT MAY NOT BE WORKING**

By Sonya Collins  
Reviewed by Melinda Ratini, DO, MS, WebMD Medical Reviewer

When it comes to treating inflammatory bowel disease, some people do well for a while on the first medication they try. For others, the drug might eventually stop working. This can mean that your condition has progressed from mild disease to moderate or severe. Then it might be time to try a biologic.

"More and more these days, people are moving into biologics for moderate to severe IBD," says Sonia Friedman, MD, a gastroenterologist at Brigham and Women’s Hospital in Boston, MA.

Here are some signs that your treatment may not be working and you’d do better on a biologic.

**You still have flares**

If you continue to have flares, or you start having them again, your current treatment may not be working. With ulcerative colitis, Friedman says, “That means more bleeding, more diarrhea, and more cramping.” A return of flares can also bring extreme tiredness, rectal pain, and a feeling of greater urgency to go to the bathroom.

With Crohn’s disease, besides the diarrhea, fatigue, and pain that come with flares, you might get fevers and lose your appetite, too. Depending on the part of your GI tract that’s affected, you could see mouth sores also. If these same symptoms that got you diagnosed are now coming back, your treatment isn’t doing its job.

Your doctor may give you a course of steroids to stop the flare. But, Friedman adds, “If you get better and then flare again, it’s time for a biologic.”
I knew something was wrong when my number of sick days was going up and my weight was going down. I didn’t know it would be a 10-year journey to finding my way back to myself.

A DOWNWARD SPIRAL
A few years ago, after going on vacation and feeling recharged, I came back home with really bad stomach pains and diarrhea. I went to my primary doctor who initially thought I had an infection since I had been out of the country. While waiting on blood tests, I got sicker. I couldn’t keep food down. I was back and forth to the bathroom with blood in my stool and severe pain. Finally, after a few weeks of that ordeal, I connected with a gastroenterologist who performed a colonoscopy and diagnosed me with mild ulcerative colitis (UC). Ironically, there was nothing mild about my symptoms.

After my diagnosis, I started taking a medication in pill form and steroids. Unfortunately, while the treatments worked OK, I felt incredibly wousy in the mornings. I even arranged to work a modified schedule so I could start my workdays later. I felt a little better, but I was dropping weight. My loved ones were concerned. I was concerned.

MILESTONE FLARES
When my next flare hit, I was in the middle of wedding planning. I am certain the stress of such a major event was the cause. I lost 15 pounds and I remember having to get my wedding dress realtered. I was in so much pain, I would sit in warm baths with low lights and soothing music. I tried to change my diet and eat things that were easy to digest. Finally, that flare ended, and I admit, I went back to my regular eating. I continued to take medication.

I was doing OK until I got pregnant a few years later. I stopped taking my medications because it was my first pregnancy, and I was scared to take anything that might harm the baby. I felt OK during my pregnancy; but once my son was about 6 months old, I went into another really bad flare. I had to go to urgent care and they put me on IV fluids. Then, when my baby was around 1, I had a work trip in Texas. I brought my son and my mom came with me to help. I ended up in such terrible pain and I couldn’t keep anything down. I felt so sad that I had to leave a work dinner to go to the ER. It was around this time I knew something had to change. I’m a new wife, new mom, and on top of my career. Yet my health was holding me back from fully enjoying it all.

A TURNING POINT
I started taking a biologic (one injection once a week) and felt much better for about 4 years. The medication takes a while to work. Even after it did, it was like a roller coaster for me still. I had good days but still quite a few bad ones. I tried a low FODMAP diet where you avoid certain foods to help your digestive system. I was feeling better but still not quite back to myself.

Then my gastroenterologist retired. Right around the start of the COVID-19 pandemic, I had my most recent flare. My older stepson was doing home school. I had a toddler at home. It was a lot. My new gastroenterologist did another colonoscopy and wasn’t happy with my results. He wanted to see more improvement, so he put me on another biologic. I go in every few months for my injection and I’m feeling good so far. I’ve had some really good heart-to-hearts with my doctor. I am realizing (with his help) that my disease is incurable and that I have to listen to and take care of my body. For years, I acted like it was a minor thing, but it is not. It is a horrible thing that can take over your mind. You’re always on alert for where a bathroom is. These days, I’ve reduced caffeine. I got a personal trainer and I’m re-evaluating next steps with my career. I think about people like my grandfather who had UC for years and we didn’t talk about it. He didn’t have the advancements we do today. Thankfully, I am on the road to better days.
WAYS TO MANAGE YOUR WELL-BEING

By Kendall K. Morgan
Reviewed by Melinda Ratini, DO, MS,
WebMD Medical Reviewer

People with IBD more often have anxiety, depression, or another diagnosed mental health condition. Even if that’s not you, dealing with IBD is stressful and exhausting—especially if your treatment isn’t working well yet.

“It’s shortsighted to think that one can be managed without the other,” says Edward L. Barnes, MD, a gastroenterologist at the University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill. “I often say to my patients in clinic that without the other, you’re going to be difficult to control the [IBD].”

STEP ONE
The first step is recognizing that your IBD symptoms and your mental health go hand in hand, Barnes says. The good news is that doctors realize this now more than in the past.

“Hopefully as this is becoming more well known and understood, providers are talking with patients more about this,” Barnes says.

SEE A SPECIALIST
Your primary doctor for IBD should ask about your mental health. Even if they aren’t, let them know what you’re going through and ask for a referral or other supports. A gastroenterologist is best to help with the IBD itself, but it’s a good idea to see a mental health specialist, too.

Barnes says many IBD centers now have mental health providers as part of the team. If that’s not true at your clinic, ask your doctor to refer you to someone.

A social worker at your clinic also may help you in finding the support you need.

FACE THE DAY
As you work on your mental health, take it easy. When it’s hard to get out of bed or do what you love, take it slow. Start with something simple like watching a favorite show, calling a friend, or taking a walk.

Give yourself the time you need to stay rested. Make plans the night before to help you ease into each new day.

GET EMPOWERED
If you have the sense that your feelings of anxiety or stress may be driving IBD flares, it might help you to know that you’re probably right.

“IT’S EMPOWERING TO PATIENTS TO KNOW THAT THIS IS NOT IN THEIR HEAD,” Barnes says. “THIS IS ACTUALLY A REACTION TO STRESS. STRESS MAY DRIVE INFLAMMATION. AS WE BETTER UNDERSTAND [THE CONNECTIONS], IT WILL LEAD TO BETTER CARE, AND THAT’S A WIN FOR EVERYBODY.”

TRY THESE STRESS RELIEVERS
While you’re considering seeing a mental health specialist, you can take other steps to ease your stress. Try any of the below and see what works for you:

• Deep-breathing exercises
• Meditation
• Progressive muscle relaxation
• Yoga
• Physical exercise
• Time in nature

CONSIDER YOUR SYMPTOMS
If you have the sense that your IBD symptoms and gut change. It may take some time to notice improvements. Ask your doctor what you should expect.

WHAT IF IT DOESN’T WORK?
If the first medicine you try doesn’t seem to be working, ask if it’s time for a switch. Even when IBD is considered more mild to moderate at first, biologics may be an option when other treatments don’t work, Keyashian says.

Remember that these aren’t easy decisions to make. You may feel overwhelmed as you try to sort it all out. Keyashian recommends listening to your doctor’s advice and then doing your own research before making a decision. After a week or two, go back to your doctor with questions and talk it through.

“A lot of shared decision-making has to happen with these therapies,” Keyashian says.
Knowing what to eat can be tricky if you have inflammatory bowel disease (IBD). Our new Gut Friendly Recipes—powered by Nestlé Health Science—helps take the stress out of making meal choices and allows you to enjoy cooking! With one click of this digital tool, you can explore a world of food that’s right for your dietary needs and personal tastes.

All recipes have been approved by dietitians that specialize in IBD, and this new resource is free to use.

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